

# Investment Policy Factsheet

## Ayudhya Master Fund Registered Provident Fund



A member of MUFG, a global financial group

**Krungsri Asset Management Co., Ltd.**  
which certified by CAC\*

(\*CAC is Thailand's Private Sector Collective Action Coalition Against Corruption of the Thai Institute of Directors Association.)

**Krungsri Japan Equity Index Hedged FX  
Fund Policy-A  
(PDM\_JPINDEX-A)**

Equity fund

Feeder Fund

Fund investing primarily offshore with  
foreign investment related risks



**Why Is it Necessary to Select Investment Policies?**



**Who is the investment policy suitable for?**



**Asset Allocation**



**Performance**



**Investment Risks**



**Fees**



**Fund information**

**Krungsri Asset Management Co.,Ltd.**

1st-2nd Zone A, 12th, 18th Zone B Floor Ploenchit Tower  
898 Ploenchit Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand

Tel. 0 2657 5757 Fax. 0 2657 5777

website : [www.krungsriasset.com](http://www.krungsriasset.com)



## Why Is it Necessary to Select Investment Policies?

As provident fund members have different expectations regarding financial returns and different tolerance levels when it comes to risks, one should be able to select investment policies that fit one's needs and be able to modify as necessary to suit one's stage in life. This would allow the provident fund investment to grow sufficiently to financially support retirement. As example, a young provident member would have a relatively long investment horizon, offering greater resilience to securities price fluctuations and the capacity to explore investment in equities to seek higher prospective returns than fixed income investments. On the other hand, an older provident fund member would have a short investment horizon, thus principal protection is of primary importance. This provident fund member should have the ability to direct investments into fixed income securities where market risks are low thereby preventing impairment of one's savings needed to financially support retirement.



## Who is the investment policy suitable for?

- Members who can accept securities price volatility, whereby the value of investments may increase or decline below the original sum invested, resulting in a financial loss.
- Members seeking higher long-term investment returns than general fixed income instruments.
- Members seeking to sufficiently grow their provident fund to financially support retirement.

### Investment policy **is not suitable for?**

Members emphasizing stability of investment returns and principal protection.



For further clarification on this investment policy and potential risks, what should you do?

- If you have further questions, please contact your fund committee.
- For further information, please visit [www.thaipvd.com](http://www.thaipvd.com)
- For further information, please clontact Provident Fund Department, Krungsri Asset Management Co., Ltd.



## Asset Allocation

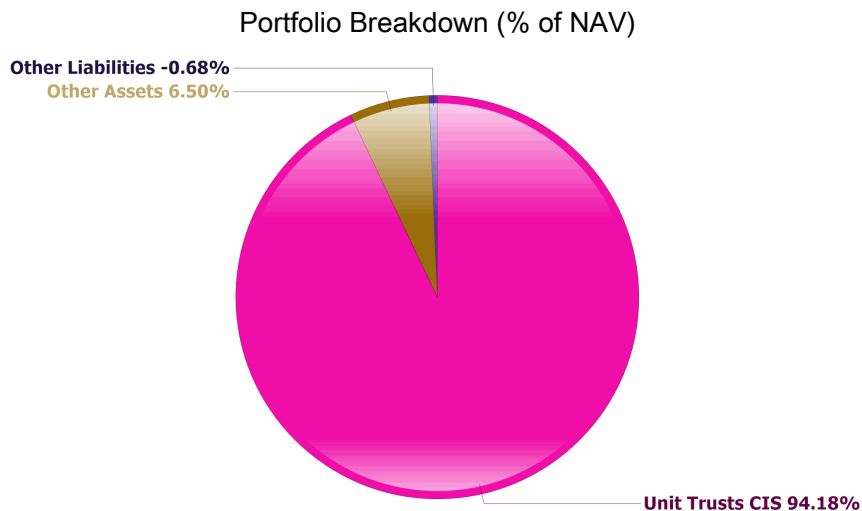
### Investment policy

- Minimum 80% of NAV in average of fund accounting year are invested in the master fund named, NEXT FUNDS Nikkei 225 Exchange Traded Fund (ISIN Code:JP3027650005).
- The master fund invests in constituent stocks in Nikkei 225 index. The investment objective is to replicate the investment return of Nikkei 225 index.

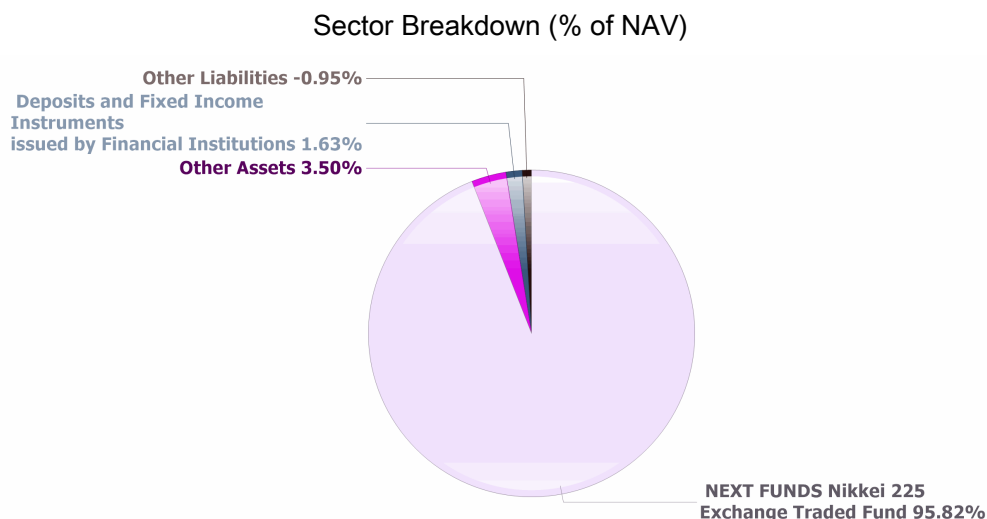
Further information of the master fund, you may visit NEXT FUNDS Nikkei 225 Exchange Traded Fund

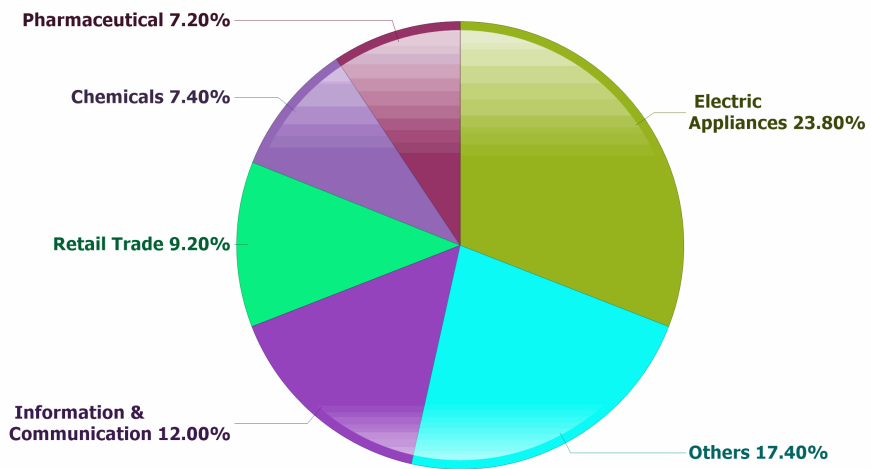
- The Management Company reserves the right to change the type and feature of the Fund to a “fund of funds” or making direct investments in foreign instruments and/or securities or to revert to “feeder fund” in the future without increasing the risk spectrum of the Fund. In this respect, the change shall be made at the Fund Manager’s discretion according to market situation by taking into consideration the utmost benefits of the unitholders.

### Asset allocation



### Asset allocation of KFJPINDEX-A





### Top 5 Investment

Fast Retailing Co., Ltd	7.60
Tokyo Electron Limited	7.10
Softbank Group Corp.	4.00
KDDI Corporation	3.30
Fanuc Corporation	2.60

Top 5 Holdings as of 29/04/2022, excluding derivatives

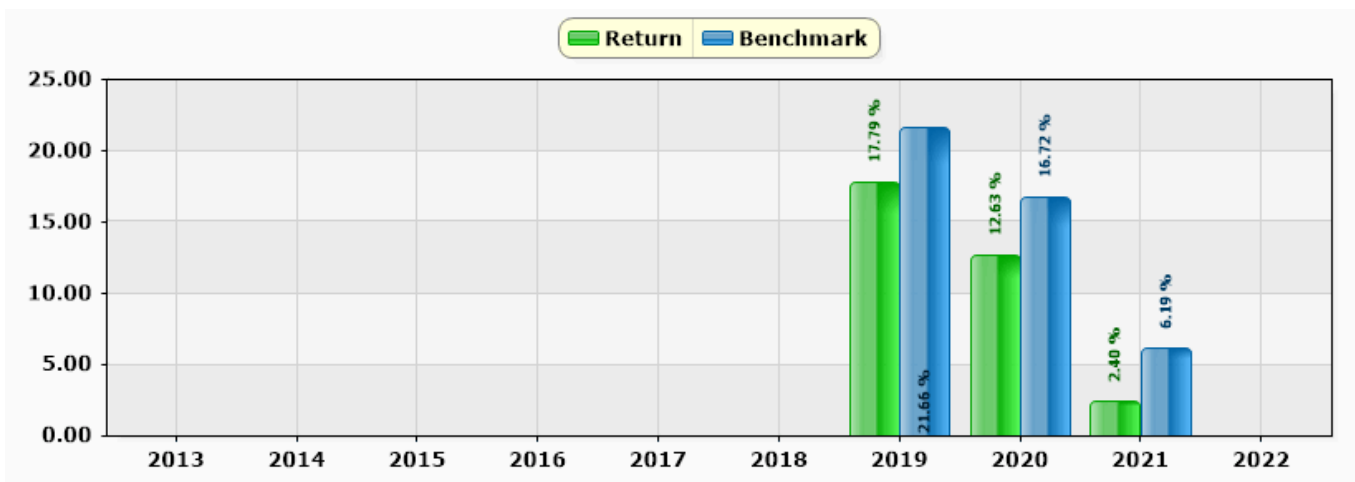
Note: For more details on the Krungsri Japan Equity Index Hedged FX Fund-A fund, please visit [www.krungsriasset.com](http://www.krungsriasset.com)



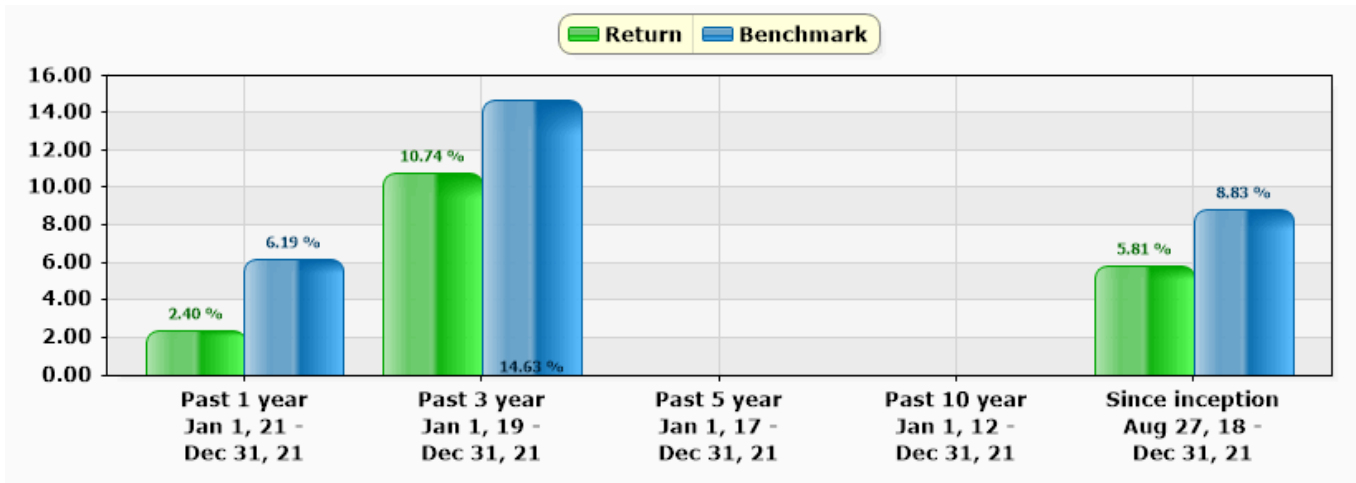
## Performance

\* historical performance does not guarantee future

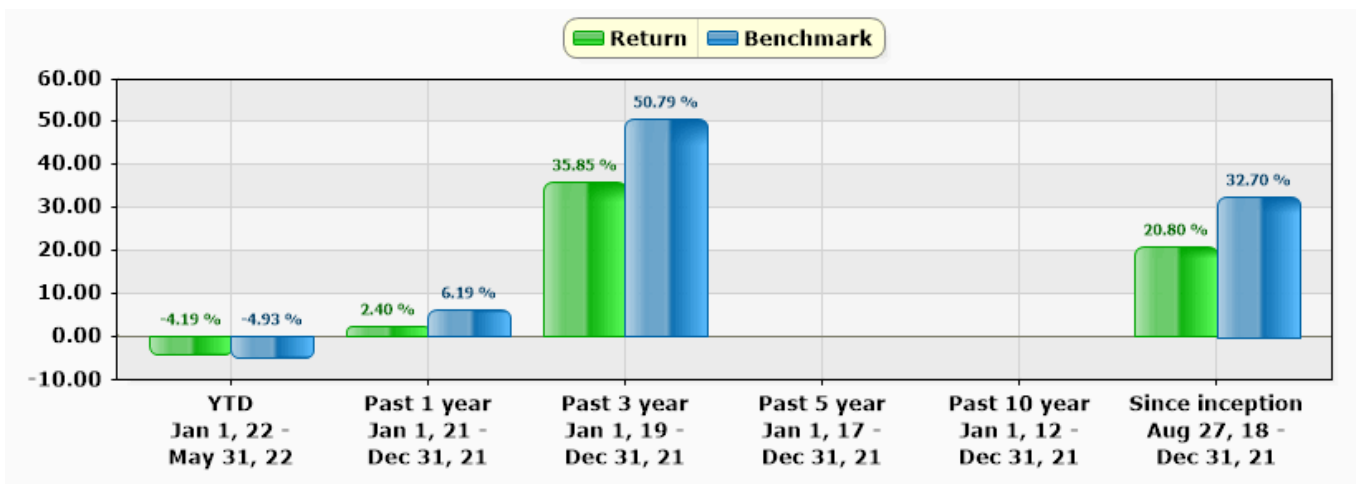
### Calendar year performance Return



### Annualized Return (p.a.)



### Cumulative Return



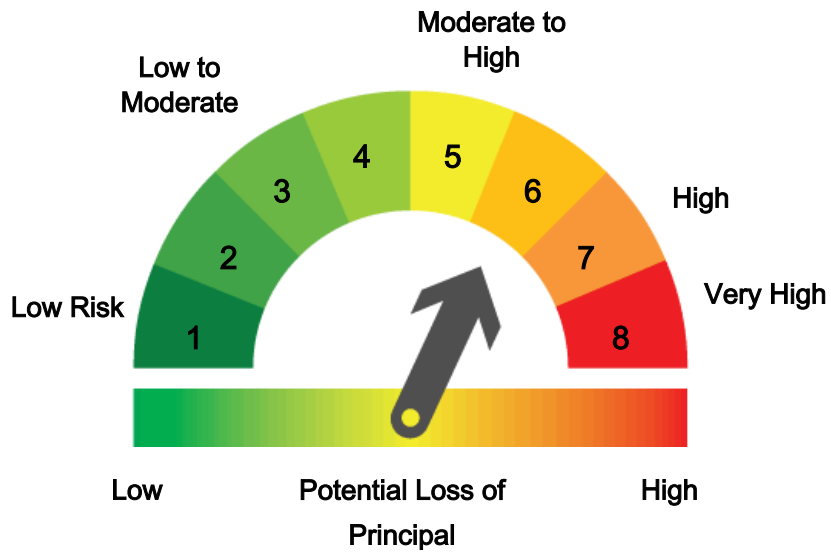
Remark :

1. Performance measurement benchmark for period to gauge performance of fund manager is [Nikkei 225 Index in YEN currency adjusted with the cost of foreign exchange hedging to compare with the Baht equivalent as at the date of calculation of return.]
2. Standard deviation of the fund performance : 4.57% p.a.  
\*SD is calculated from the last 3 years or since launch for the fund launched within that period
3. Tracking error : N/A% p.a.



## Investment Risks

Investment returns can fluctuate significantly. May incur short-term loss, but long-term returns can outpace inflation.



Note: For more details on the Krungsri Japan Equity Index Hedged FX Fund-A fund, please visit [www.krungsriasset.com](http://www.krungsriasset.com)



## Fees

Fees charged to the provident fund	
Management Fee (% p.a. of NAV)	As specified in the contract
Total Fee(% p.a. of NAV)	As specified in the contract

Note: Fees shown above do not yet include value added tax, special business tax or other relevant taxes.

Fees charge at the mutual fund level	
Management Fee (% p.a. of NAV)	0.8025%
Total Fee (% p.a. of NAV)	1.0404%

Note: Fees shown above do not yet include value added tax, special business tax or other relevant taxes.

Fee charged to provident fund member	
E-Provident Fee	None
Maintaining Fee	500 Baht / Year
Requesting Periodical Fee	
- First Period Fee	500 Baht
- Each Period Fee	100 Baht / Interval
Investment Plan Changing Fee	None

Note: Fees shown above already include value added tax, special business tax or other relevant taxes.



## Fund information

Contact for advice on selecting/modifying investment plans.

Provident Fund Department  
E-mail: [krungsriasset.provident@krungsri.com](mailto:krungsriasset.provident@krungsri.com)  
Tel. 0-2657-5757 press 4  
Monday - Friday Time 8.30 a.m. – 17.30 p.m.  
(Except public holidays)

How to get more information about changing investment policies

Member can change their investment plan via 2 channels as follows:

- 1 [www.krungsriasset.com](http://www.krungsriasset.com) >> EM@ccess online
- 2 @ccess Mobile Application



Download and Register

For more information, please go to [www.krungsriasset.com](http://www.krungsriasset.com) select the heading > Fund Transaction > EM@ccess Provident Fund > Download & register

Date and time for changing investment policy

It is determined by your fund committee.

1. In the case of daily transactions: transactions can be made within 12.00 p.m. of every business day.
2. In the case of a specified period: transactions can make within 12.00 a.m. of the last day of the specified period.

Contact for advice about your savings upon resigning from job

1. Arrange to retain account balance in the provident fund
2. Arrange to receive payouts as annuities
3. Arrange to transfer fund account to a RMF for PVD fund
4. Mutual funds



## Detailed Explanation

Topic	Disclosure																																	
<b>Credit Risk</b>	<p>Credit Risk is expressed in terms of credit rating which indicates the likelihood of counterparty's meeting its obligations, and assessed using the historical performance, and financial position of the issuer. Long-term bonds may be assigned one of the following credit ratings.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #D3D3D3;"> <th>Grade</th> <th>TRIS</th> <th>Fitch</th> <th>Moody's</th> <th>S&amp;P</th> <th>Explanation</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="4" style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">Investment Grade</td> <td style="text-align: center;">AAA</td> <td style="text-align: center;">AAA(th)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Aaa</td> <td style="text-align: center;">AAA</td> <td>Highest rating with <u>lowest risk</u> of the issuer's default</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">AA</td> <td style="text-align: center;">AA(th)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Aa</td> <td style="text-align: center;">AA</td> <td>Second highest rating with <u>very low risk</u> of the issuer's default</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">A(th)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td> <td><u>Low risk</u> of the issuer's default</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">BBB</td> <td style="text-align: center;">BBB(th)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Baa</td> <td style="text-align: center;">BBB</td> <td><u>Moderate risk</u> of the issuer's default</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">Below Investment Grade</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Below BBB</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Below BBB(th)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Below Baa</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Below BBB</td> <td><u>High risk</u> of the issuer's default</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Grade	TRIS	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Explanation	Investment Grade	AAA	AAA(th)	Aaa	AAA	Highest rating with <u>lowest risk</u> of the issuer's default	AA	AA(th)	Aa	AA	Second highest rating with <u>very low risk</u> of the issuer's default	A	A(th)	A	A	<u>Low risk</u> of the issuer's default	BBB	BBB(th)	Baa	BBB	<u>Moderate risk</u> of the issuer's default	Below Investment Grade	Below BBB	Below BBB(th)	Below Baa	Below BBB	<u>High risk</u> of the issuer's default
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<b>Market Risk</b>	<p>Market risk is the risk relating to fluctuation in value of securities, the loss of which is due to the factors that affect an entire market or asset class. Market risk has different effect on different type of funds as follows:</p> <p><b>Fixed-income fund</b> is generally exposed to the market risk upon changes in interest rates which depend on external factors such as economic conditions, investment climate, and political factors in the issuer's country or other country. Fixed-income instrument prices and interest rates move in opposite directions. For example, if the interest rate in the money market is likely to increase, prices of newly issued instruments will be high and therefore instruments that have been issued previously will be traded at lower prices. Mutual funds of long portfolio duration have higher chance of experiencing market risk than mutual funds of shorter portfolio duration</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td rowspan="3" style="width: 30%; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">Average portfolio duration</td> <td colspan="5" style="text-align: center;">The market risk is assessed based on the portfolio duration.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Low</td> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">High</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt; 3 months</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3 months – 1 year</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1-3 years</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3-5 years</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&gt; 5 years</td> </tr> </table> <p><b>Equity Fund</b> is generally exposed to the market risk when the value of the securities in which the fund deviates (increase or decrease) as a result of external factors such as economic conditions, investment climate, political factors in the issuer's country or other country. The market risk is expressed in terms of standard deviation (SD) – the higher the SD, the higher the market risk (due to changes in securities prices).</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <tr> <td rowspan="3" style="width: 30%; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">Standard Deviation</td> <td colspan="5" style="text-align: center;">The market risk is assessed based on the annual standard deviation of the fund performance.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Low</td> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: center;">High</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt; 5%</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5 – 10%</td> <td style="text-align: center;">10 – 25%</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15 – 25%</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&gt; 25%</td> </tr> </table>	Average portfolio duration	The market risk is assessed based on the portfolio duration.					Low		High			< 3 months	3 months – 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	> 5 years	Standard Deviation	The market risk is assessed based on the annual standard deviation of the fund performance.					Low		High			< 5%	5 – 10%	10 – 25%	15 – 25%	> 25%	
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<b>High Concentration Risk</b>	<p><b>High Issuer Concentration Risk</b>  This risk comes from investing more than 10% of the fund's NAV in one issuer, party, or other person who has obligations under the instruments or the contracts.  Concentration risk does not include investment in the following assets:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thai government bonds;</li> <li>• Investment-grade foreign government bonds; and</li> <li>• Investment-grade deposits or cash-equivalent instruments of a depository or an issuer.</li> </ul> <p><b>High Sector Concentration risk</b>  This risk comes from the Fund investing in a single or further sector more than 20% of the total NAV. In the criteria which's not include investment in Thai or foreign government bonds or cash-equivalents of a depository.</p> <p><b>High Country Concentration risk</b>  This risk comes from the Fund investing in a single or further country more than 20% of the total NAV.</p>													
<b>Currency Risk</b>	<p><b>Currency Risk</b> is the possibility that changes in exchange rate will affect the value of investment units. For example, if a mutual fund invests in securities denominated in US Dollar during Thai Baht depreciation and the units are subsequently sold when Thai Baht appreciates, the mutual fund will receive lower return in Thai Baht. On the other hand, if the same fund invests in securities denominated in US Dollar during Thai Baht appreciation and the units are subsequently sold when Thai Baht depreciates, the mutual fund will receive higher return in Thai Baht. Therefore, currency hedging techniques as follows are key tools to manage such risk.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td rowspan="3" style="width: 25%; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">FX hedging</td> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Currency risk is assessed based on the exchange rate hedging policy of the fund.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Low</td> <td colspan="2"></td> <td style="text-align: center;">High</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Fully / Almost fully hedged</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Partially</td> <td style="text-align: center;">At discretion</td> <td style="text-align: center;">No hedging</td> </tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Fully / Almost fully hedged:</b> Investors have no exposure to currency risk.</li> <li>• <b>Partially-hedged with fixed ratio:</b> Investors may be exposed to certain level of currency risk.</li> <li>• <b>Hedging at discretion of the fund manager:</b> Investors may be exposed to currency risk because it is the discretion of the fund manager whether to use a currency hedging technique.</li> <li>• <b>No hedging:</b> Investors are exposed to currency risk.</li> </ul>	FX hedging	Currency risk is assessed based on the exchange rate hedging policy of the fund.				Low			High	Fully / Almost fully hedged	Partially	At discretion	No hedging
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<b>Standard Deviation</b>	<p>Standard Deviation (SD) of Fund measures the volatility the fund's returns, using the calculation as prescribed by Association of Investment Management Companies re: Standard for Measurement and Presentation of Performance of the Mutual Funds. SD expresses the historical performance in annual percentage for the five years preceding the reporting date.</p>													

Topic	Disclosure
Tracking Error	<p>Tracking Error (TE) is the difference between a mutual fund portfolio's returns and the benchmark index it was designed to copy. This indicates how well the mutual fund is performing against the benchmark index and shows how much the mutual fund deviates from the benchmark index. For example, if the mutual has a low TE, this means the fund has slightly deviated from the benchmark index and therefore the fund is efficient in copying the benchmark index. On the other hand, if the mutual has a high TE, this means the fund has substantially deviated from the benchmark index and therefore it is unlikely that the fund will achieve return at similar rate to the benchmark index.</p> <p>TE is used for tracking error of passive funds/ index tracking such as index fund or ETF.</p>